Regimen Reference Order – GAST – FOLFOX (biliary tract)

ARIA: GAST - [FOLFOX (biliary)]

Planned Course:Every 14 days for 12 cyclesIndication for Use:Biliary Tract Cancer; Stage IV; 2nd Line

CVAD: Required (Ambulatory Pump)

Proceed with treatment if:

ANC equal to or greater than 1.5 x 10⁹/L AND Platelets equal to or greater than 75 x 10⁹/L Contact Physician if parameters are not met

SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

Pre-treatment Requirements				
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline		
	Not Applicable			

Establish primary solution 500 mL of: D5W			
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline	
ondansetron	16 mg	Orally 30 minutes pre-chemotherapy	
dexamethasone	12 mg	Orally 30 minutes pre-chemotherapy	
oxaliplatin	85 mg/m²	IV in D5W 500 mL over 2 hours *Nursing Alert: oxaliplatin and leucovorin may be infused over the same 2-hour period using a Y-site connector Concentration dependent drug: Pharmacy will adjust diluent volume to ensure drug stability	
leucovorin	350 mg Flat dose	IV in D5W 500 mL over 2 hours	
fluorouracil	400 mg/m ²	IV push over 5 minutes	
fluorouracil	2400 mg/m ²	IV in D5W continuously over 46 hours by ambulatory infusion device	

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'



REQUIRED MONITORING

All Cycles

• CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes and total bilirubin as per Physician Orders

Recommended Support Medications			
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline	
dexamethasone	8 mg	Orally once daily on Days 2 and 3	
prochlorperazine	10 mg	Orally every 6 hours as needed for nausea and vomiting	

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

- Instruct patient to continue taking anti-emetic(s) at home
- Ensure patient has received a home chemotherapy spill kit and instructions for use
- Reinforce applicable safe handling precautions of medications, blood and body fluids for 48 hours after completion of chemotherapy

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Numerous dosing variations exist for FOLFOX and depend on the primary cancer diagnosis
- oxaliplatin causes cold intolerance and laryngopharyngeal dysesthesia

 no ice chips or cold drinks
- oxaliplatin may cause progressive, irreversible neuropathy
 - o dose modification may be required

