ADULT ORAL Updated: November 23, 2021

Regimen Reference Order – GENU – enzalutamide

ARIA: GENU - [enzalutamide]

Planned Course: Once daily until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity (1 cycle = 30 days)

Indication for Use: Prostate Cancer, Metastatic and Non-metastatic Castration-Resistant

OR

Prostate Cancer, Metastatic Castration-Sensitive

Proceed with treatment if:

ANC equal to or greater than $1 \times 10^{9}/L$ AND Platelets equal to or greater than $50 \times 10^{9}/L$

Contact Physician if parameters not met

SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

Treatment Regimen – GENU – enzalutamide			
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline	
enzalutamide	160 mg	Orally once daily with or without food Swallow whole (Self-administered at home)	
enzalutamide (Xtandi [®]) available dosage strength: 40 mg capsule Classification: Non-Cytotoxic, Hazardous			

REQUIRED MONITORING

Baseline

- CBC, serum creatinine, electrolytes, liver enzymes, testosterone and PSA as per Physician Orders
- Blood pressure
- EKG for patients on anti-arrhythmics at physician's discretion
- Bone density at physician's discretion

Month 2 and 3

- CBC, serum creatinine, electrolytes, liver enzymes, testosterone and PSA as per Physician Orders
- Blood pressure at each clinic visit

Subsequent clinic visits (every 3 months)

- CBC, serum creatinine, electrolytes, liver enzymes, testosterone and PSA as per Physician Orders
- Blood pressure at each clinic visit (patients can also monitor at home)

Recommended Support Medications				
	Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline	
None required				



ADULT ORAL GENU – enzalutamide

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PATIENT

- Inform patient to report rash or uncontrolled diarrhea
- Prescriber should be notified of blood pressure measurements greater than 160/95 mmHg
- enzalutamide has potential for drug-drug interactions. Patients should notify clinic prior to starting any new medication
- · Avoid grapefruit and grapefruit juice, Seville oranges (i.e. orange marmalade) and starfruit

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Androgen DeprivationTherapy (ADT) (e.g. goserelin, leuprolide, degarelix) is continued lifelong throughout treatment course/lines of systemic therapy for prostate cancer
- Patients are at increased fracture risk
- enzalutamide can cause hypertension
- enzalutamide can prolong QT interval
- enzalutamide has been associated with seizures and mental impairment

