Regimen Reference Order – GYNE – bevacizumab + PACLitaxel

ARIA: GYNE - [bev + weekly PACLitaxel]

Planned Course:Every 28 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicityIndication for Use:Ovarian Cancer Platinum-Resistant

CVAD: Preferred

Proceed with treatment if:

Cycle 1		
<u>Day 1</u>		
• ANC equal to or greater than $1.5 \times 10^9/L$	AND	Platelets equal to or greater than 100 x 10 ⁹ /L
<u>Days 8, 15 and 22</u>		
• ANC equal to or greater than $1.2 \times 10^9/L$ A	٩ND	Platelets equal to or greater than 75 x 10 ⁹ /L
Cycle 2 and Onwards		
Days 1, 8, 15 and 22		
• ANC equal to or greater than $1.2 \times 10^9/L$ A	٩ND	Platelets equal to or greater than 75 x 10 ⁹ /L
 Contact Physician if parameters not me 	et	

SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

Pre-treatment Requirements		
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
		Not Applicable

Establish primary solution 500 mL of: normal saline		
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
Days 1 and 15		
bevacizumab (brand name specific)	10 mg/kg	IV in normal saline 100 mL over 20 minutes *Alert: Ensure brand name on prescription label (indicated in brackets on prescription label) matches prescribed order
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally 1 hour prior to PACLitaxel
dexamethasone	20 mg	 IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to PACLitaxel *Nursing Alert: PACLitaxel starts 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion

PACLitaxel	80 mg/m ²	 IV in normal saline 250 mL over 1 hour, following the administration rates below: Administer at 100 mL/hour for 15 minutes, then Administer remaining volume over 45 minutes Use non-DEHP bags and non-DEHP administration sets with 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter Nursing Alert: Gently invert bag 8 to 10 times immediately prior to administration of PACLitaxel to evenly distribute the drug
Days 8 and 22		
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally 1 hour prior to PACLitaxel
dexamethasone	20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to PACLitaxel *Nursing Alert: PACLitaxel starts 1 hour after completion of
Wait 1 hour after con	npletion of IV pre-me	dication(s) before starting PACLitaxel
PACLitaxel	80 mg/m ²	 IV in normal saline 250 mL over 1 hour, following the administration rates below: Administer at 100 mL/hour for 15 minutes, then
		• Administer remaining volume over 45 minutes Use non-DEHP bags and non-DEHP administration sets with 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter
		*Nursing Alert: Gently invert bag 8 to 10 times immediately prior to administration of PACLitaxel to evenly distribute the drug
All doses will be autor for more information	matically rounded tha	t fall within CCMB Approved Dose Bands. See Dose Banding document

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'

REQUIRED MONITORING

Days 1 and 15

- CBC, serum creatinine, liver enzymes, urine protein and blood pressure as per Physician Orders
 - Urinalysis for protein: Where urinalysis is not possible, use dipstick. If lab urinalysis for protein is greater than or equal to 1 g/L or dipstick proteinuria shows 2+ or 3+, notify prescriber
- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure and O₂ saturation) at baseline and as clinically indicated
- No observation period is required after bevacizumab or PACLitaxel infusions. Patient can be discharged from treatment room if stable whether they had a reaction or not

Days 8 and 22

- CBC, serum creatinine and liver enzymes as per Physician Orders
- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure and O₂ saturation) at baseline and as clinically indicated
- No observation period is required after PACLitaxel administration. Patient can be discharged from treatment room if stable whether they had a reaction or not



Recommended Support Medications		
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
metoclopramide	10 – 20 mg	Orally every 4 hours as needed for nausea and vomiting

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

- Patients should be instructed to contact their cancer team immediately if symptoms of hypersensitivity reactions occur after discharge
- Instruct patient to continue taking anti-emetic(s) at home
- Reinforce applicable safe handling precautions of medications, blood and body fluids for 48 hours after completion of chemotherapy

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- bevacizumab can cause increased risk of hypertension, post-operative bleeding, wound healing complications and thromboembolic events
- PACLitaxel may cause progressive, irreversible neuropathy
- bevacizumab is available from more than one manufacturer and uses several different brand names. Brand name
 will be indicated in brackets after bevacizumab. Ensure prescription label matches the brand name on prescribed
 order

