Regimen Reference Order

H&N - cetuximab (weekly) with concurrent radiation

ARIA: H&N - [cetuximab]

Planned Course: Every 7 days for 8 doses with concurrent radiation (to start 7 days prior to the

initiation of radiation)

Indication for Use: Squamous Cell Cancer of Head and Neck

CVAD: At Provider's Discretion

Proceed with treatment if:

Blood work at provider's discretion: not required to proceed with treatment

SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

Pre-treatment Requirements						
	Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline			
Not Applicable						

Establish primary solution 500 mL of: normal saline					
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline			
Dose 1 (Note: starts 7 days	prior to the initiation o	f radiation)			
dexamethasone	8 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes			
diphenhydrAMINE	50 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes			
Wait 30 minutes after	completion of IV pre-med	lications before starting cetuximab			
cetuximab	400 mg/m ² Loading Dose	IV over 2 hours (administered undiluted) Doses greater than 1200 mg must be administered over 2.5 hours Use 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter *Alert: Pharmacy to ensure final volume on label *Nursing Alert: IV tubing is primed with cetuximab			
Dose 2					
dexamethasone	8 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes			
diphenhydrAMINE	50 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes			



cetuximab	250 mg/m ²	IV over 1 hour (administered undiluted) Doses greater than 600 mg must be infused over 2 hours Use 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter		
		*Alert: Pharmacy to ensure final volume on label		
		*Nursing Alert: IV tubing is primed with cetuximab		
Doses 3 to 8				
cetirizine	10 mg	Orally 30 minutes prior to cetuximab		
dexamethasone	8 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes		
Wait 30 minutes afte	r completion of IV pre-m	edications before starting cetuximab		
cetuximab	250 mg/m ²	IV over 1 hour (administered undiluted)		
		Doses greater than 600 mg must be infused over 2 hours		
		Use 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter		
		*Alert: Pharmacy to ensure final volume on label		
		*Nursing Alert: IV tubing is primed with cetuximab		

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'

REQUIRED MONITORING

All Doses

- Clinical assessment of cetuximab-related skin toxicity
- No blood work is required to proceed with treatment
- CBC, serum creatinine, urea, liver enzymes, magnesium, calcium and albumin as per Physician Orders

Doses 1 and 2

- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure and O₂ saturation) at baseline, after one-hour observation and as clinically indicated
- Observe patient for 1 hour after cetuximab infusion. Full vital signs prior to discharge

Dose 3 and Onwards

- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure and O₂ saturation) at baseline and as clinically indicated
- For patients with no prior reactions to cetuximab, no observation period is required after cetuximab administration. Patient can be discharged from treatment room if stable whether they had a reaction or not
- For patients who have had a previous reaction to cetuximab, observe patient for one hour after cetuximab infusion. Full vital signs prior to discharge



Recommended Support Medications					
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline			
Sunscreen	Minimum SPF 15 (PABA free, zinc oxide or titanium dioxide preferred)	Apply topically a broad-spectrum sunscreen liberally 30 minutes before going outdoors. Reapply every 2 hours and after swimming.			
Moisturizing lotion	Fragrance-free	Apply topically to face, hands, feet, neck, back and chest daily in the morning on rising and <u>as needed</u>			
In the event of a cetuxin	mab-induced skin rash:				
doxycycline	100 mg	Orally twice daily as directed by clinic			
hydrocortisone cream	1%	Apply topically daily at bedtime to face, hands, feet, neck, back and chest as directed by clinic			

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

- Patients should be instructed to contact their cancer team immediately if symptoms of hypersensitivity reactions occur after discharge
- Warn patients of the possibility of a late onset reaction to cetuximab as reactions may occur several hours after infusion or with subsequent infusions
- Instruct patient to use Recommended Support Medications

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- cetuximab can cause hypomagnesemia
- · cetuximab causes dermatological and nail changes
- cetuximab can cause interstitial lung disease, pneumonitis and exacerbation of pre-existing fibrotic lung disease
- Administration site restrictions are in place for cetuximab. Dose 1 of cetuximab should only be administered at CCMB MacCharles or Tache in Winnipeg

