ADULT Updated: February 6, 2024

## Regimen Reference Order – LYMP – epcoritamab

ARIA: LYMP - [epcoritamab]

Planned Course: Until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity (1 cycle = 28 days)

Indication for Use: Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

CVAD: At Provider's Discretion

### **Proceed with treatment if:**

ANC equal to or greater than  $0.5 \times 10^9/L$  AND Platelets equal to or greater than  $50 \times 10^9/L$ 

Contact Hematologist if parameters not met

### **SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION**

Pre-treatment Requirements					
Drug	Dose CCMB Administration Guideline				
Hydration for Cycle 1 (un	Hydration for Cycle 1 (unless directed differently by clinic):				
Day prior to epcoritamab:					
o please ensure patient drinks 2 litres of fluids per day					
Day of epcoritamab:					
<ul> <li>please ensure patient drinks 1.5 litres of fluids per day in addition to IV hydration given in treatment room (or directed by clinic)</li> </ul>					
• <u>Day after</u> epcori	tamab:				
· ·	tient is booked for I 1 litre of fluids per	1 L IV hydration in treatment room and ensure patient drinks an day			
allopurinol	300 mg	Orally once daily for 30 days to begin 3 days prior to Cycle 1 and at provider's discretion for subsequent cycles  (Self-administered at home)			
		Only patients at risk of tumor lysis syndrome will be prescribed allopurinol			

Treatment Regimen – LYMP – epcoritamab				
Establish primary solution 500 mL of: normal saline				
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline		
Cycle 1				
predniSONE	100 mg	Cycle 1 ONLY: Orally once daily on Days 2 to 4, 9 to 11, 16 to 18 and 23 to 25 (Self-administered at home)		
Day 1 – "Priming do	se"			
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to epcoritamab		
acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to epcoritamab		



dexamethasone	16 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab *Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion	
Wait at least 1 hour a	fter completion of	IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab	
normal saline 500 mL		IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)	
epcoritamab	0.16 mg	<u>Subcutaneous</u> : Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Priming dose". Two dilutions are required	
Day 2			
normal saline 1000 mL		IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score	
Day 8 – "Intermedia	te dose"		
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally 1 hour prior to epcoritamab	
acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally 1 hour prior to epcoritamab	
dexamethasone	16 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes 1 hour prior to epcoritamab	
	256	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion	
		*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of	
Wait at least 1 hour a		*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion	
<b>Wait at least 1 hour</b> af normal saline	fter completion of	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab	
	fter completion of I	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab  IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)  Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle  *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for	
Wait at least 1 hour at normal saline epcoritamab*	fter completion of I	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab  IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)  Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle  *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for	
Wait at least 1 hour at normal saline epcoritamab*  Day 9  normal saline  Day 15 – First "Full of	500 mL  0.8 mg  1000 mL	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab  IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)  Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle  *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Intermediate dose". One dilution is required  IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score	
Wait at least 1 hour at normal saline epcoritamab*  Day 9  normal saline  Day 15 – First "Full of Patient may be adm	500 mL  0.8 mg  1000 mL	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab  IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)  Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle  *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Intermediate dose". One dilution is required  IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score	
Wait at least 1 hour at normal saline epcoritamab*	500 mL  0.8 mg  1000 mL	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab  IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)  Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle  *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Intermediate dose". One dilution is required  IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score  for Cycle 1, Day 15	
Wait at least 1 hour at normal saline epcoritamab*  Day 9  normal saline  Day 15 – First "Full of Patient may be admother cetirizine	500 mL  0.8 mg  1000 mL  dose" hitted to hospital	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab  IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)  Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle  *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Intermediate dose". One dilution is required  IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score  for Cycle 1, Day 15  Orally 1 hour prior to epcoritamab	
Wait at least 1 hour at normal saline epcoritamab*  Day 9  normal saline  Day 15 – First "Full of Patient may be admote tirizine acetaminophen dexamethasone	fter completion of 1 500 mL 0.8 mg  1000 mL  20 mg 975 mg 16 mg	*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion  IV pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab  IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)  Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh Use 25G needle *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 5 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Intermediate dose". One dilution is required  IV over 2 hours *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score  for Cycle 1, Day 15  Orally 1 hour prior to epcoritamab  Orally 1 hour prior to epcoritamab  IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes 1 hour prior to epcoritamab *Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of	



epcoritamab*	48 mg	Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh
		Use 25G needle
		*Pharmacy Alert: Use the 60 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Full dose". No dilution is required
Day 16		
normal saline	1000 mL	IV over 2 hours
		*Nursing Alert: vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score
Day 22 – "Full dose"	,	
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to epcoritamab
acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to epcoritamab
dexamethasone	16 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
		*Nursing Alert: epcoritamab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion
Wait at least 1 hour a	fter completion of I	V pre-medication(s) before administering epcoritamab
normal saline	500 mL	IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)
epcoritamab*	48 mg	Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh
		Use 25G needle
		*Pharmacy Alert: Use the 60 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Full dose". No dilution is required
Day 23		
normal saline	1000 mL	IV over 2 hours
		*Nursing Alert: vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) score needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score
Cycles 2 and 3		
For <b>cycles 2 and onwa</b> who:	ırds, pre-medication	with cetirizine, acetaminophen and dexamethasone is required for patients
<ul> <li>Repeat doses</li> </ul>		dosing schedule following a dose delay AND/OR or dose of epcoritamab
		and dexamethasone will be discontinued for patients who do not require if agents not discontinued by treating physician
cetirizine	20 mg	cetirizine only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
acetaminophen	975 mg	acetaminophen only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
dovamothasana	16 mg	dovamenthe some only to be given at abvaising/a discustion



dexame thas one

16 mg

Orally **1 hour** prior to epcoritamab

dexamethasone only to be given at physician's discretion

epcoritamab*	48 mg	Subcutaneous: Administer_into abdomen or thigh on Days 1, 8, 15 and 2:  Use 25G needle  *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 60 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for  "Full dose". No dilution is required
Cycles 4 to 9		
cetirizine	20 mg	cetirizine only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
acetaminophen	975 mg	acetaminophen only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
dexamethasone	16 mg	dexamethasone only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
epcoritamab*	48 mg	Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh on Days 1 and 15 Use 25G needle *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 60 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Full dose". No dilution is required
Cycle 10 and Onwar	ds	
cetirizine	20 mg	cetirizine only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to epcoritamab
acetaminophen	975 mg	acetaminophen only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
dexamethasone	16 mg	dexamethasone only to be given <i>at physician's discretion</i> Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to epcoritamab
epcoritamab*	48 mg	Subcutaneous: Administer into abdomen or thigh on Day 1 Use 25G needle *Pharmacy Alert: Use the 60 mg/mL concentration of epcoritamab for "Full dose". No dilution is required

\*The dose of epcoritamab may be delayed as per the Lymphoma DSG or Leukemia/BMT (L/BMT) Physician's discretion (usual criteria for dose delay: ANC less than  $0.5 \times 10^9$ /L; platelets less than  $50 \times 10^9$ /L or if patient is bleeding, signs or symptoms of infection, signs or symptoms of cytokine release syndrome (CRS) or immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity (ICANS) or other adverse reactions that are Grade 3 or higher).

Following a dose delay, epcoritamab dose schedule may require modification. If dosing of epcoritamab is interrupted for more than 8 days after the "Priming dose" of Cycle 1 Day 1, more than 14 days after the "Intermediate dose" on Cycle 1 Day 8 or more than 6 weeks after any "Full dose" on Cycle 1 Day 15 and Onwards, dose re-escalation may be required. Refer to Health Canada Product Monograph for recommendations after a dose delay.

Any non-hematologic toxicity other than CRS or ICAN must resolve to equal to or less than grade 1 or baseline with no evidence of active bacterial, viral, or fungal infection before proceeding to the next dose. CRS and ICANS must fully resolve before proceeding to the next dose.

(See APPENDIX A – Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS) and Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) monitoring and management)

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'



### **REQUIRED MONITORING**

#### **Baseline**

· Hepatitis B serology

#### Throughout therapy

- Monitor for signs and symptoms of cytokine release syndrome (CRS). Serious adverse events that may be associated
  with CRS include: pyrexia, headache, nausea, asthenia, hypotension, and elevations in serum aminotransferases and
  bilirubin
- Monitor for signs and symptoms of neurotoxicity. Symptoms may include: trembling, disturbance or loss of
  movement of parts of the body, speech or coordination disorders, apraxia, dizziness, confusion, disorientation,
  reversible seizures, encephalopathy, somnolence and agitation

#### Cycle 1 ONLY

Days 1 to 4, 8 to 11, 15 to 18 and 22 to 25 (day of epcoritamab and for three days after each dose)

Patient to self-monitor body temperature with thermometer, three times a day

#### Cycles 1

#### Days 1, 8, 15 and 22

· CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin and glucose as per Physician Orders

#### Cycles 2 and 3

#### Day 1

• CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin and glucose as per Physician Orders

#### Day 15

• CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin and glucose as per Physician Orders

#### Cycle 4 and Onwards

#### Day 1

· CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin and glucose as per Physician Orders

Recommended Support Medications			
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline	
prednisone	100 mg	Orally once daily on Days 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18 and 23, 24 and 25 of <b>Cycle 1 only</b>	
valACYclovir	500 mg	Orally once daily	
sulfamethoxazole- trimethoprim	800/160 mg	Orally once daily on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	



#### **DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS**

• Patients should be instructed to contact their cancer team immediately if symptoms of hypersensitivity reactions occur after discharge

- Advise patient to immediately report any symptoms of cytokine release syndrome (CRS) or immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity (ICANS)
- For cycle 1 only: patient is to self-monitor body temperature 3 times daily, beginning on the day of each epcoritamab injection and continuing for 3 days after each injection
- Patient needs to report any temperature over 38 degrees Celsius or other potential symptoms of cytokine release syndrome to clinic team (adult hematology consult service for HSC or St. Boniface on call for evenings, weekends and holidays)
- · Patient should be instructed to notify about any signs or symptoms of infection or unusual bruising or bleeding
- predniSONE is being prescribed for the prevention of CRS in this treatment regimen. Remind patient to take predniSONE at home on Cycle 1 and support medications at home
- For cycle 1 only: Patient must remain located no greater than 1 hour from CancerCare Manitoba MacCharles site

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- epcoritamab has been associated with tumor lysis syndrome
- Administration site restrictions are in place for epcoritamab



### **APPENDIX A (adapted from MBMT SOP CLI030):**

Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS) and Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome (ICANS) monitoring and management

# **CRS Management**

Grade

1

Temp >38°C

- Myalgia
- Nausea
- Malaise

- 1. Symptomatic Treatment (ex: anti-pyretic)
- 2. Infectious Work-up
- 3. Broad Spectrum Antibiotics

Grade

- Temp >38°C
- Hypotension not requiring pressors
- Hypoxia requiring ≤6L of oxygen support

- 1. Symptomatic Treatment as in Grade 1.
- 2. Tocilizumab 8mg/kg q8 hour.
- Consider Dexamethasone 10mg q12 hr if persistent hypotension after 3 doses of tocilizumab.

Grade 3

- Temp >38°C
- Hypotension requiring vasopressor support AND/OR
- Hypoxia requiring ≥6L of oxygen support.
- 1. Tocilizumab 8mg/kg q8 hour.
- 2. Dexamethasone 10mg q6 hour.
- 3. Vasopressor and respiratory support as needed.
- 4. Obtain EF assessement.

Grade

4

- Temp >38°C
- Hypotension requiring multiple pressors (excluding vasopressin) AND/OR
- Hypoxia requiring positive pressure ventilation or mechanical ventilation.
- 1. Tocilizumab 8mg/kg q8 hour.
- 2. Dexamethasone 10mg q6 hour.
- 3. Vasopressor and respiratory support as needed.
- 4. If refractory, consider Methypred 1-2g/day

# **ICANS Monitoring**

## Immune Effector Cell Encephalopathy (ICE) Scoring (Routinely performed twice daily)

- Orientation: Orientation to year, month, city, hospital: 4 points
- Naming: Ability to name 3 objects (e.g., point to clock, pen, button): 3 points
- Following commands: Ability to follow simple commands (e.g., "show me 2 fingers"): 1 point
- Writing: Ability to write a standard sentence (e.g., "The sky is blue"): 1 point
- Attention: Ability to count backwards from 100 by 10: 1
  point





## **ICANS Management**

Grade

- · Awakens Spontaneously
- ICE score 7-9
- Fatigue

- 1. Supportive Care/ IV hydration
- 2. Neurology Consult
- 3. EEG, MRI and LP
- 4. Keppra 750mg BID
- 5. Dexamethasone 10mg x1

Grade

2

- · Awakens to Voice
- Delirious/Somnolent
- ICE score 3-6

Grade 1 care PLUS

- 1. Consider ICU consultation
- 2. Dexamethasone 10mg q12 hour

Grade

3

- · Awakens to tactile stimulus
- ICE score 0-2
- · Local edema on brain imaging
- Seizure that resolves with intervention.

Grade 2 care PLUS

- 1. ICU transfer
- 2. Dexamethasone 10mg q6 hour
- 3. Repeat MRI brain/EEG

Grade

4

- Comatose
- ICE score 0
- Cerebral edema
- Motor weakness
- Seizure lasting >5 minutes

Grade 3 care PLUS

- Neurointensive care management for increase ICP and status epilepticus
- Dexamethasone 20mg IV q6 hour or Methylprednisone 1g/day